

Definite and indefinite articles

- **El** and **la** are the Spanish *definite articles*. They mean the same as “the” in English.
- You use **el** with masculine nouns: **el libro**. You use **la** with feminine nouns: **la carpeta**.
- **Un** and **una** are the Spanish *indefinite articles*. They mean the same as “a” and “an” in English.
- You use **un** with masculine nouns: **un libro**. You use **una** with feminine nouns: **una carpeta**.

A. Look at the ending of each noun in this group. Decide if the noun is masculine or feminine. Write **M** next to the masculine words and **F** next to the feminine words. Follow the model.

Modelo **F** computadora

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|---------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1. <u>M</u> año | 3. <u>M</u> libro | 5. <u>F</u> carpeta |
| 2. <u>F</u> semana | 4. <u>F</u> hoja | 6. <u>M</u> profesor |

B. Now, look at the words from **part A** again and circle the definite article **el** for the masculine words and the definite article **la** for the feminine words.

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|-----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. (el) / la) año | 3. (el) / la) libro | 5. (el / (la) carpeta |
| 2. (el / (la) semana | 4. (el / (la) hoja | 6. (el) / la) profesor |

C. Look at the ending of each noun below. Decide if the word is masculine or feminine. Write **M** next to the masculine words and **F** next to the feminine words.

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|-----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. <u>M</u> cuaderno | 3. <u>F</u> revista | 5. <u>F</u> bicicleta |
| 2. <u>M</u> amigo | 4. <u>F</u> familia | 6. <u>M</u> cuento |

D. Now, look at the words from **part C** again and circle the indefinite article **un** for the masculine words and the indefinite article **una** for the feminine words.

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|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. (un) / una) cuaderno | 3. (un / (una) revista | 5. (un / (una) bicicleta |
| 2. (un) / una) amigo | 4. (un / (una) familia | 6. (un) / una) cuento |

E. Circle the correct definite or indefinite article to complete each sentence.

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|---|--|
| 1. (El / (La) estudiante es estudiosa. | 5. (El / La) profesor es trabajador. |
| 2. (El / (La) profesora es buena. | 6. (Un / Una) estudiante es artístico. |
| 3. (Un / Una) amigo es simpático. | 7. (El / La) amiga es inteligente. |
| 4. (Un / Una) estudiante es atrevida. | 8. (Un / Una) estudiante es reservada. |