

Nombre: _____ Fecha: _____ Hora: 7 8

In order to do this work, you must access the Prezi Presentation about Boot Verbs.

I. Fill in this table of personal pronouns.

I	We
You	Y'all (in Spain)
He	They (boys)
She	They (girls)
You (formal)	Y'all (formal)

2. Stem-changing verbs are also known as _____.
3. After you remove the *-ar*, *-er*, or *-ir* from an infinitive, the leftover letters have a name called the _____, and this is what is changed.
4. Why are stem-changing verbs also called Boot Verbs?

5. The verb *cerrar* means to close.
- What is the stem? _____
 - What is the ending? _____
6. How many types of Boot Verbs are there? _____
- _____, examples: _____
 - _____, examples: _____
 - _____, examples: _____
 - _____, example: _____
7. Let's practice! Conjugate the following Boot Verbs:

pensar, e→ie (to think)

Yo	Nosotros
Tú	Vosotros
Él/Ella/Vd.	Ellos/Ellas/Vds.

despedir, e→i (to say goodbye)

Yo	Nosotros
Tú	Vosotros
Él/Ella/Vd.	Ellos/Ellas/Vds.

poder, o→ue (can/to be able to)

Yo	Nosotros
Tú	Vosotros
Él/Ella/Vd.	Ellos/Ellas/Vds.

jugar, u→ue (to play)

Yo	Nosotros
Tú	Vosotros
Él/Ella/Vd.	Ellos/Ellas/Vds.

The remaining items will be found on the PowerPoint Practice.

8. Fill in the correct conjugated form of the stem-changing infinitive.
- Yo _____ (querer, e→ie) un sándwich de jamón y queso.
 - Ella _____ (pensar, e→ie) que el español es muy importante.
 - Nosotros _____ (poder, o→ue) la pizza en la cocina.
 - ¿Tú _____ (jugar, u→ue) al tenis?
 - Los estudiantes _____ (entender, e→ie) la lección de historia.
 - El cine _____ (cerrar, e→ie) a las once de la noche.
 - Los gatos _____ (dormir, o→ue) nueve horas al día.
 - El restaurante _____ (servir, e→i) pescado y arroz.
 - Yo _____ (pedir, e→i) ayuda cuando no _____ (entender, e→ie) algo.
 - ¿Tú _____ (preferir, e→ie) leer o escribir?